

# Assignment 9

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# 1 Equilibrium points of the circular RTBP and associated invariant manifolds - CODE

```
c*****
c
c MAIN_RTBP_FLOW.f
c
c      We integrate the harmonic oscillator field with Taylor
c      from t=ti up to t=tmax
c      idir= +1 (integration forward in time); =-1 (backward)
c      np= number of intermediate points (apart from the initial one)
c            that we want to write on the file orbit.d. If np=1
c            only the initial and final points are written
c
c      input: xi,ti,tmax,idir,np
c*****
implicit real*8 (ah,oz)
parameter (n=4,m=40)

dimension xi(n),x(n),0(m,m),mat(n,n),RR(n),RI(n),VR(n,n),VI(n,n)
dimension v(n),p(2),yf(n)
common/param/xmu

open(10,file='orbit.d',status='unknown')
      write(*,*)' iregion'
read(*,*)iregion
      write(*,*)'idir? (1 or -1)'
read(*,*)idir
      write(*,*)'ncrossing?'
read(*,*)ncrossing
ti=0.d0
tmax=2*3.1415
np=30
xmu=0.1
CALL peq(xmu,xl1,xl2,xl3,cl1,cl2,cl3)
      write(*,*)'xl3',xl3
```

```

        write(*,*)'c13',c13
C=c13
x(1)=x13
x(2)=0
x(3)=0
x(4)=0
CALL jacmat(n,x,xmu,mat)
        write(*,*)"mat"
do i=1,n
        write(*,*)(mat(i,j),j=1,n)
enddo
CALL vapvep(mat,n,RR,RI,VR,VI)

RR(1)=0
RR(2)=0
RR(3)=0.5016
RR(4)=0.5016
VR(1,3)=0.2894
VR(2,3)=0.8457
VR(3,3)=0.1452
VR(4,3)=0.4242
VR(1,4)=0.2894
VR(2,4)=0.8457
VR(3,4)=0.1452
VR(4,4)=0.4242

if (idir.gt.0)then
    do i=1,n
if (RR(i).gt.0)then
k=i
endif
enddo
else
    do i=1,n
if (RR(i).lt.0)then
k=i
endif
enddo

```

```

        endif
do i=1,n
  v(i)=VR(i,k)
enddo
p(1)=RR(k)
c   p(2)=RI(2)
      write(*,*)'Eigenvalue',p(1)
      write(*,*)'v',(v(i),i=1,n)
s=1.d6
if (iregion.lt.0)then
s=s
endif
x=x+s*v
      write(*,*)'initialpoint',(x(i),i=1,n)

CALL jac(x,C,xmu,n)
ti=0
do j=1,ncrossing
t=0.d0
      write(10,*)t,(x(i),i=1,n)
CALL jac(x,C,xmu,n)
CALL POINC1(j,xmu,n,m,x,yf,tfinal,idir,ti)
ti=ti+tfinal
enddo
end

subroutine jac(x,C,xmu,n)
implicit real*8(ah,oz)
dimension x(n)
ro=dsqrt((x(1)xmu)*(x(1)xmu))
rt=dsqrt((x(1)xmu+1.d0)*(x(1)xmu+1.d0))
ome=0.5d0*(x(1)*x(1))+(1.d0xmu)/ro+xmu/rt+0.5d0*xmu*(1.d0xmu)
Cnew=2*ome
Cdiff=dabs(CCnew)
if (Cdiff.gt.1.d3)then

```

```

        write(*,*)'jac constant not conserved'
      endif
      end

SUBROUTINE POINC1(j,xmu,n,m,YI,YF,tfinal,idirorig,ti)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (AH,OZ)
DIMENSION YI(n),YF(n),DGG(n),F(n)
icont=0
idir=idirorig

CALL SECCIO(YI,GG,DGG)
IF(DABS(GG).LT.1.D9)GG=0.d0
GA=GG
hab=.1e16
hre=.1e16
pabs=dlog10(hab)
prel=dlog10(hre)
istep=1

pas=0.4d0
ht=0.d0
t=ti

1   tmax=t+idir*pas
    CALL taylor_f77_eq_rtbp_var_(t,yi,idir,istep,pabs,prel,
    & tmax,ht,iordre,ifl)

CALL SECCIO(YI,GG,DGG)
IF(GG*GA.LT.0.D0)goto22
      write(10,*)t,(yi(ii),ii=1,n)
GA=GG
GO TO 1

```

```

22    continue
      icont=icont+1
      if (icont.gt.20)then
          write(*,*)'problems finding the section'
          stop
      end if
      CALL FIELD(xmu,T,YI ,N,F)
      P=0.D0
      do 3 I=1,N
3     P=P+F(I)*DGG(I)
      H=GG/P
      if (h.ge.0.d0)idir=1
      if (h.lt.0.d0)idir=1
      tmax=t+h

      CALL taylor_f77_eq_rtbp_var_(t,yi,idir,istep,pabs,prel,
      & tmax,ht,iordre,ifl)

      CALL SECCIO(YI ,GG,DGG)
      IF (DABS(GG).GT.1.D13)GO TO 22
      do 4 I=1,N
4     YF(I)=YI(I)
      tfinal=t

      write(*,*)'t final point time',tfinal
      write(*,*)(yf(ii),ii=1,n)
      write(10,*)t,(yf(ii),ii=1,n)

      return
      t=tfinal
      end

```

```

C*****
C *
C THE SURFACE g OF SECTION,IN THIS CASE
C INPUT PARAMETERS:

```

```

C Y(*) POINT
C OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
C GG FUNCTION THAT EQUATED TO 0 GIVES THE SURFACE OF
C SECTION
C DGG(*) GRADIENT OF FUNCTION GG
C *
C*****
SUBROUTINE SECCIO(Y,GG,DGG)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION Y(2),DGG(2)
GG=Y(2)
DO 1 I=1,2
1 DGG(I)=0.D0
    DGG(2)=1.d0
    RETURN
    END
C
C FIELD.F
C
C*****
C EQS OF MOTION IN synodical VARIABLES
C X TIME
C Y(*) POINT (Y(1),Y(2),....Y(n))
C NEQ NUMBER OF EQUATIONS
C OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
C F(*) VECTOR FIELD
C
C*****
subroutine field(t,x,neq,f)
implicit real*8 (a-h,o-z)
common/param/xmu
dimension x(20),f(20)
C
umu=1.-xmu

```

```

d1=x(1)-xmu
d2=x(1)+umu
r12=d1*d1+x(2)*x(2)
r22=d2*d2+x(2)*x(2)
r0=dsqrt(r12)
r1=dsqrt(r22)
r032=r12*r0
r132=r22*r1
r052=r12*r032
r152=r22*r132
omex=x(1)-(umu*(-xmu+x(1))/r032)-(xmu*(x(1)+umu)/r132)
omey=x(2)*(1.-(umu/r032)-(xmu/r132))
omexx=1.-(umu*((r0*r0)-3.*d1)/(r0*r0*r0*r0))
. -(xmu*((r1*r1)-(3.*(umu+x(1))*(umu+x(1))))/(r1*r1*r1*r1))
omexy=x(2)*(((3.*umu*d1)/(r0*r0*r0*r0))
. +(3.*xmu*(x(1)+umu)/(r1*r1*r1*r1)))
omeyy=(1.-(umu/(r0*r0*r0))-(xmu/(r1*r1*r1))) + (x(2)*((3.
. *umu*x(2))/(r0*r0*r0*r0))+(xmu*3.*x(2))
. /(r1*r1*r1*r1) )

f(1)=x(3)
f(2)= x(4)
f(3)=2.*x(4)+omex
f(4)=-2.*x(3)+omey
f(5)=x(13)
f(6)=x(14)
f(7)=x(15)
f(8)=x(16)
f(9)=x(17)
f(10)=x(18)
f(11)=x(19)
f(12)=x(20)
f(13)=x(5)*omexx+x(9)*omexy+2.*x(17)
f(14)=x(6)*omexx+x(10)*omexy+2.*x(18)
f(15)=x(7)*omexx+x(11)*omexy+2.*x(19)
f(16)=x(8)*omexx+x(12)*omexy+2.*x(20)
f(17)=x(5)*omexy+x(9)*omeyy-2.*x(13)
f(18)=x(6)*omexy+x(10)*omeyy-2.*x(14)

```

```

f(19)=x(7)*omexy+x(11)*omeyy-2.*x(15)
f(20)=x(8)*omexy+x(12)*omeyy-2.*x(16)
return
end

```

## 2 OUTPUTS AND PLOTS

### 2.1 a)

Point L3 and C(L3)

$xl3 = 1.0416089091893053$

$Cl3 = 3.1895781531155980$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 & 1.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 \\ 0.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 \\ 3.1833839641328692 & 0.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 & 2.000000000000000 \\ 0.000000000000000 & -9.1691982066434363E - 002 & -2.000000000000000 & 0.000000000000000 \end{pmatrix}$$

### 2.2 b)

Eigenvalue and eigenvector for L3 and iregion=+1

$\lambda_1 = 0.5016$

$v_1 = (0.2894, 0.8457, 0.1452, 0.4242)$

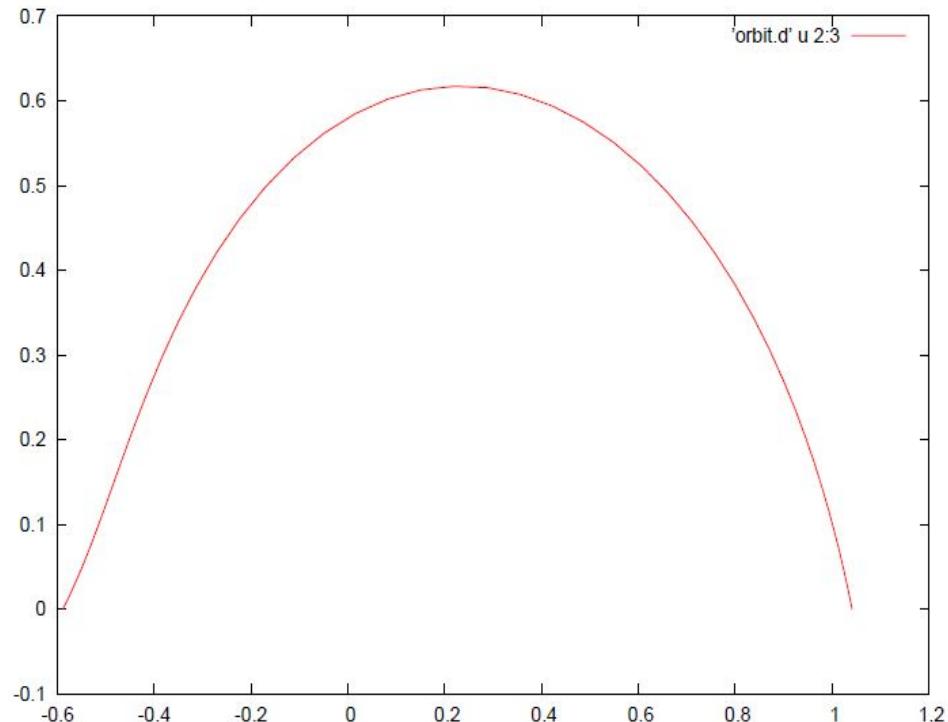
$\lambda_{-1} = 0.5016$

$v_{-1} = (0.2894, 0.8457, 0.1452, 0.4242)$

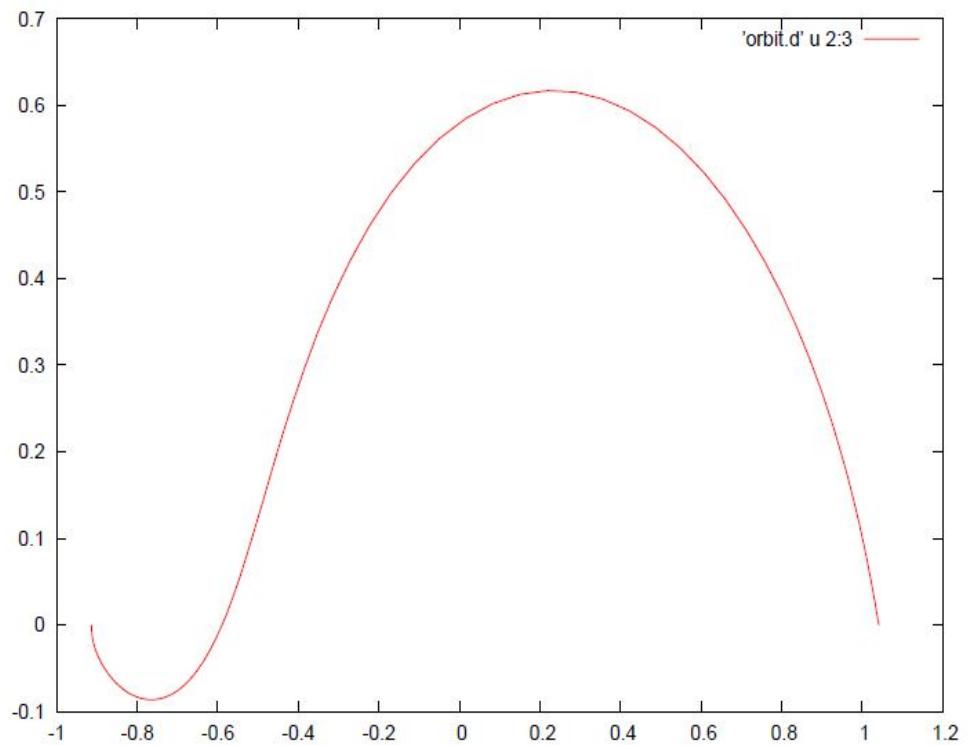
## 2.3 Plots idir=1

### 2.3.1 Plots idir=1 and iregion=1

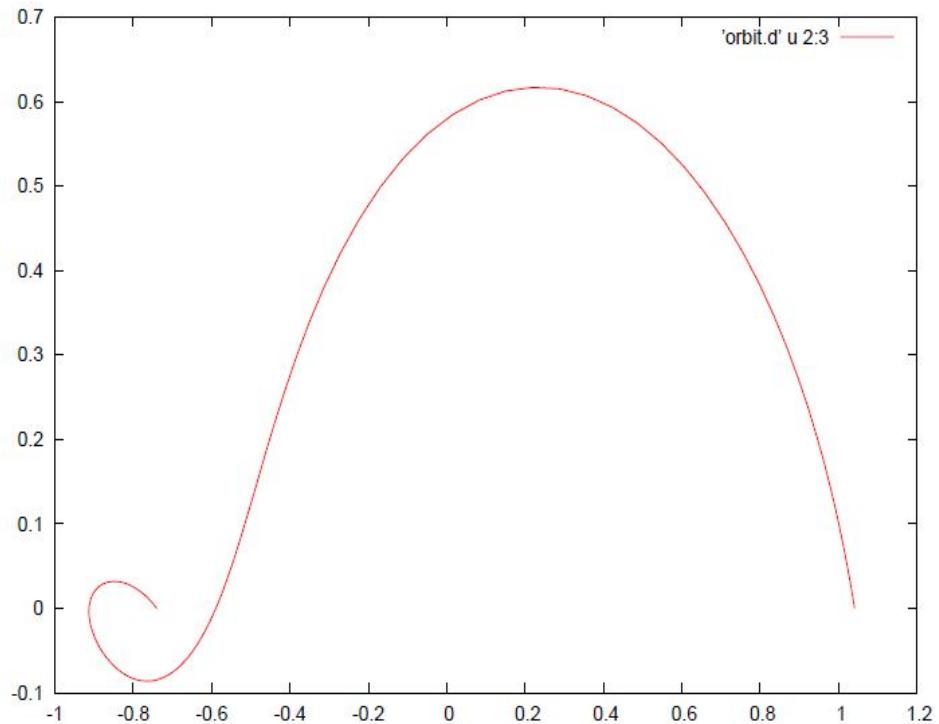
number of crossings=1



**number of crossings=2**

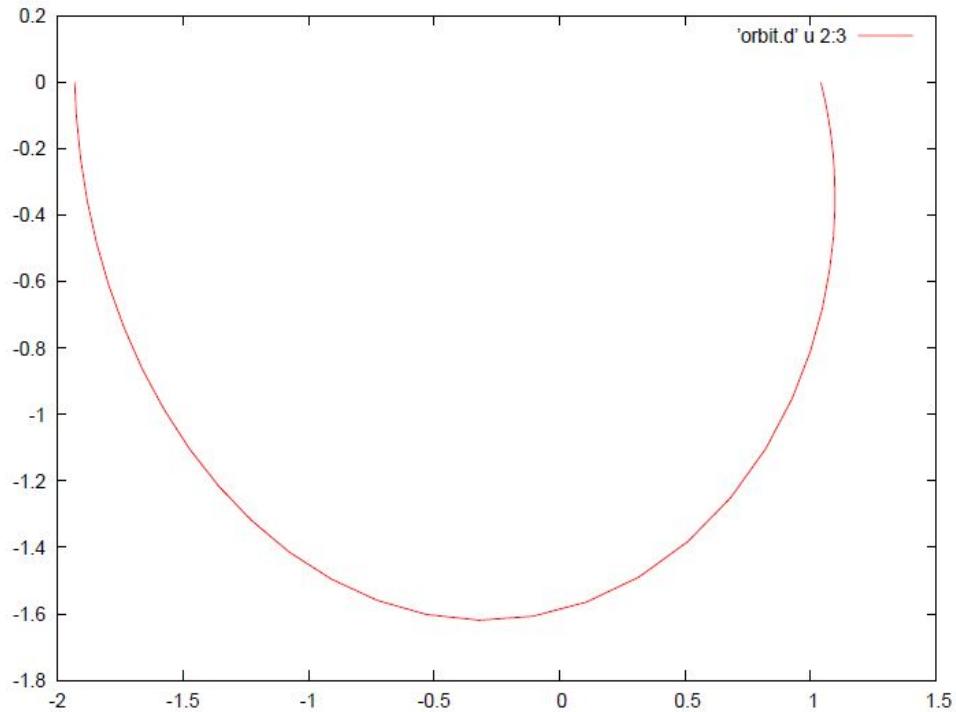


**number of crossings=3**

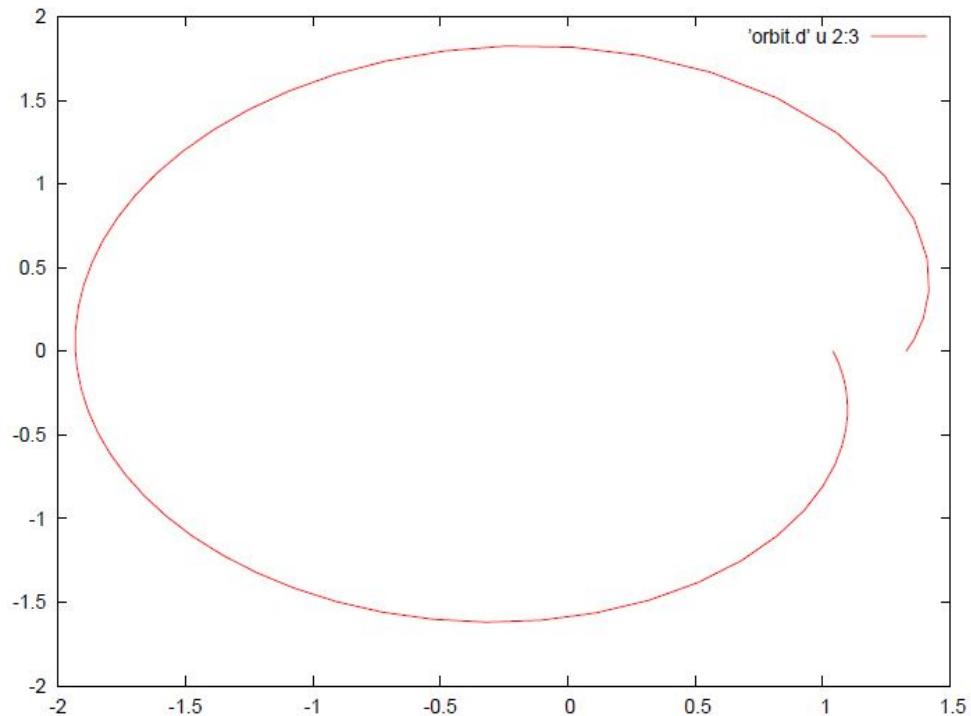


### 2.3.2 Plots idir=1 and iregion=-1

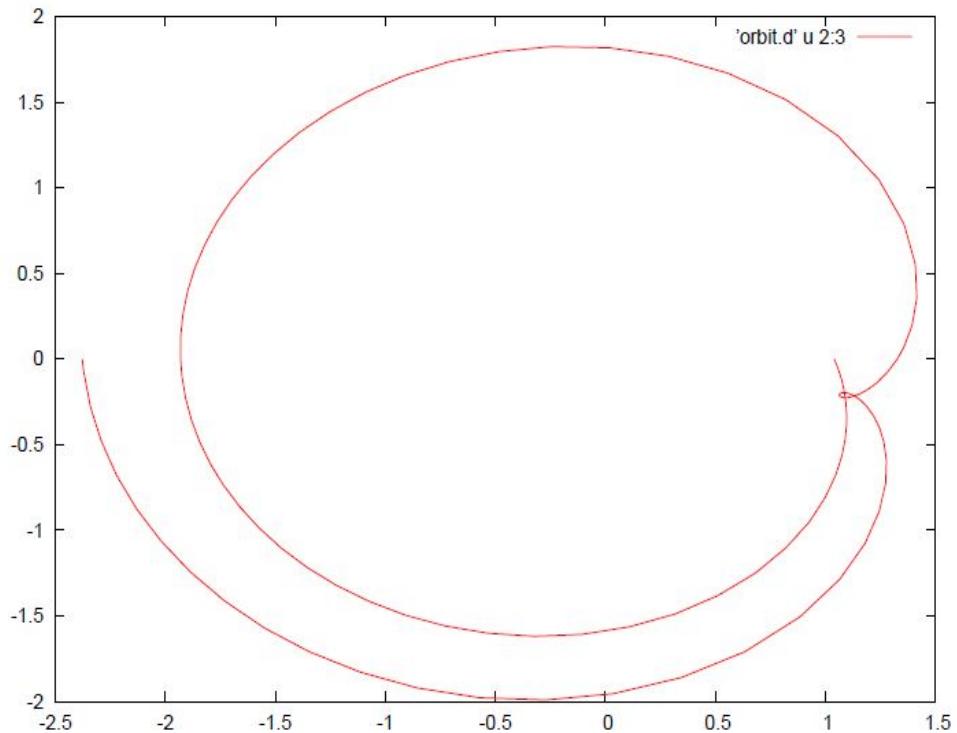
number of crossings=1



**number of crossings=2**



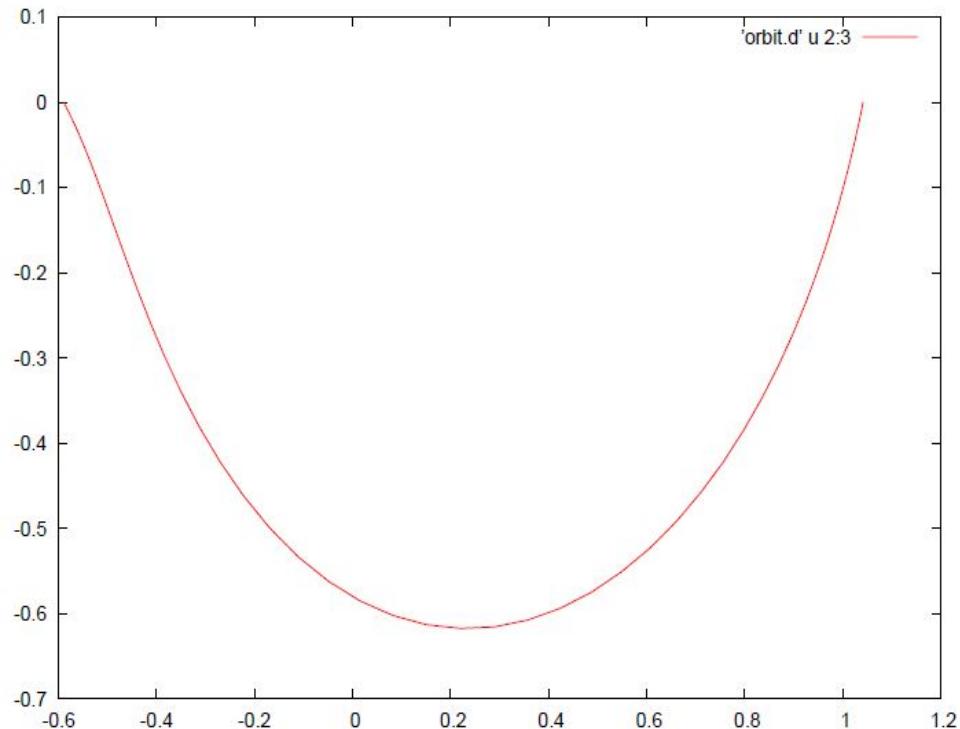
**number of crossings=3**



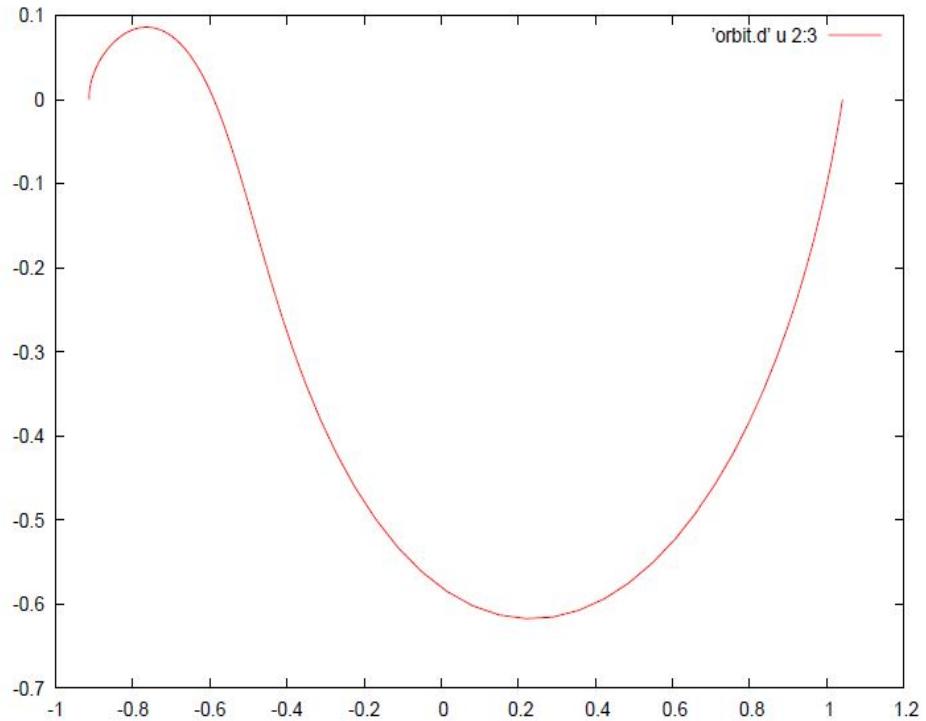
## 2.4 Plots idir=-1

### 2.4.1 Plots idir=-1 and iregion=1

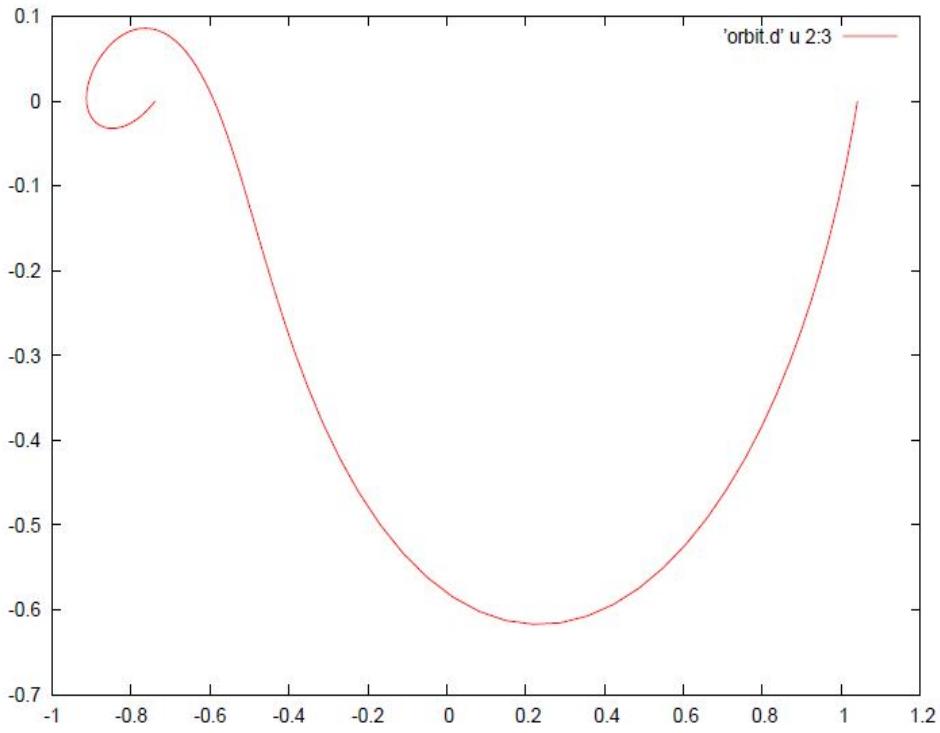
number of crossings=1



**number of crossings=2**

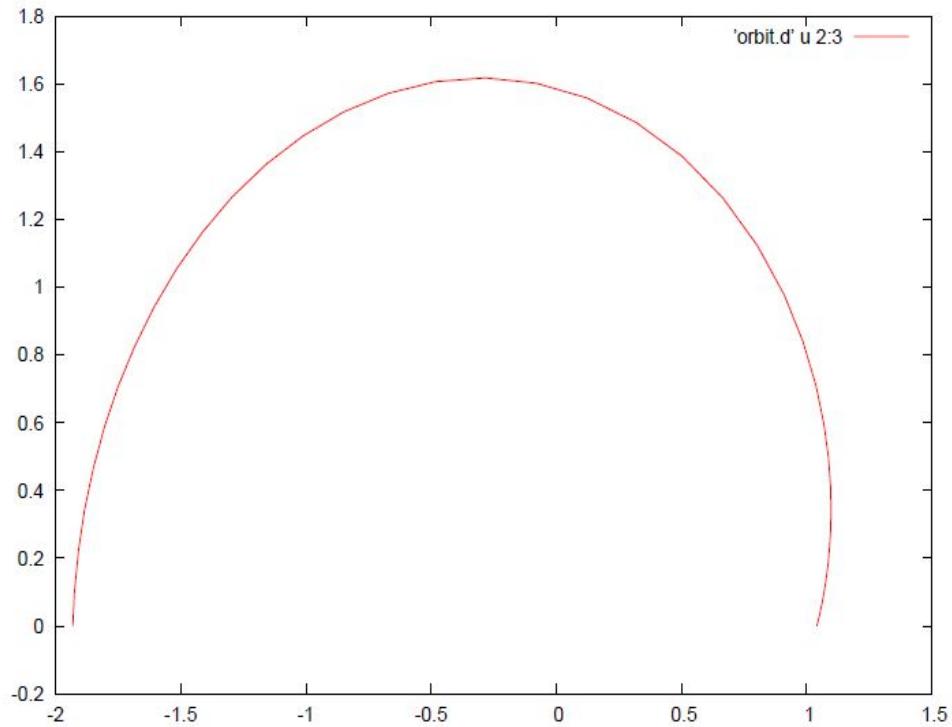


**number of crossings=3**

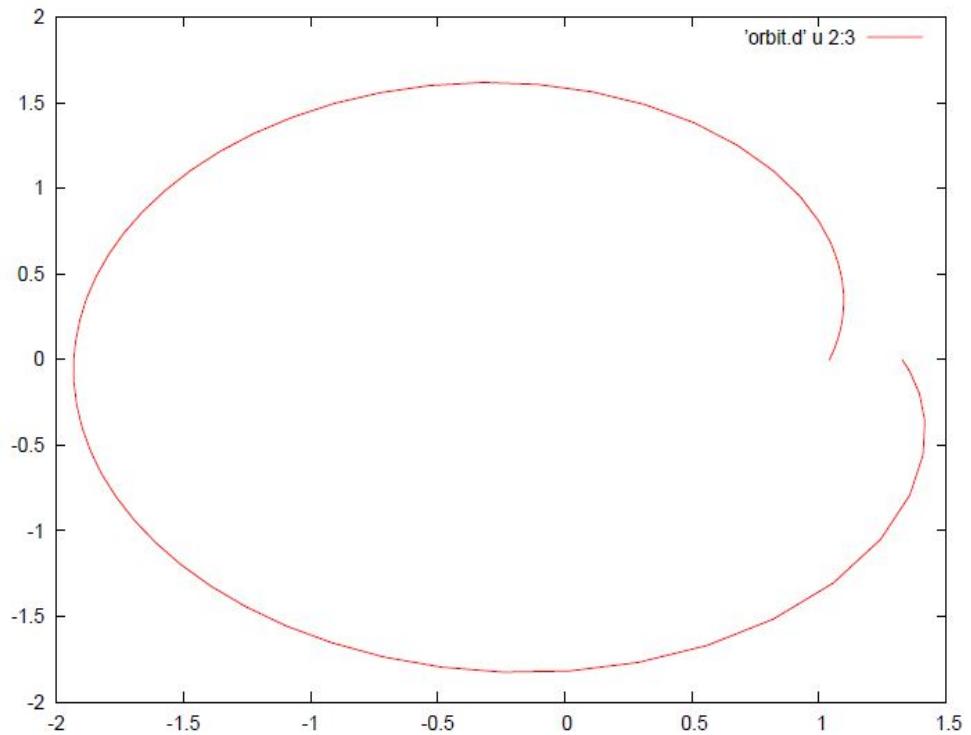


## 2.4.2 Plots idir=-1 and iregion=-1

number of crossings=1



**number of crossings=2**



**number of crossings=3**

