

Numerics of Dynamical Systems

Assignment 3

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1 Exercise a)

Listing 1: main_os_sec2.f

```
c
c  MAIN_OS_SEC1.f
c
c*****
c      We integrate the harmonic oscillator field with Taylor
c      up to the  FIRST  crossing with the Poincare section: y=0
c
c      _____
c
c  !!!!  You should enter the code to integrate up to a given
c  'n_crossing' crossing with the Poincare section: y=0  !!!!
c
c*****
c      implicit real*8 (a-h,o-z)
c      parameter (n=2)
c      dimension yf(n),x(n)
c      open(10,file='orbit.d',status='unknown')
c      write(*,*) 'Initial condition x(1),...,x(n)'
c      read(*,*) (x(i),i=1,n)
c      write(*,*) 'idir?'
c      read(*,*) idir
c      write(*,*) 'ncrossing?'
c      read(*,*) ncrossing
c
c  we assume initial time t=0.d0
c
c
c
c      i = 0
c      do j = 1,ncrossing
c      t=0.d0
c      write(10,*)t,(x(i),i=1,2)
c
c      call poinc1(n,x,yf,tfinal,idir)
c
c      i = i + 1
c      end do
c      end
```

```

C*****
c Input:
c n dimension of the vectors yi and yf
c yi initial point
c idirorig: +1 integration forwards in time; -1 backwards
c yf final point
c tfinal final time
c
C*****
      SUBROUTINE POINC1(n,YI,YF,tfinal ,idirorig)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
      DIMENSION YI(n),YF(n),DGG(n),F(n)
           icont=0
           idir=idirorig
c
c we assume initial time t=0.
c
           ti=0.D0
C   DETERMINATION OF THE FIRST PASSAGE OF THE ORBIT THROUGH y=0
C
      CALL SECCIO(YI,GG,DGG)
      IF (DABS(GG).LT.1.D-9)GG=0.d0
      GA=GG
      hab=.1e-16
      hre=.1e-16
      pabs=dlog10(hab)
      prel=dlog10(hre)
      istep=1
c reasonable step:
      pas=0.4d0
      ht=0.d0
      t=ti
c |tmax| must be big enough
1      tmax=t+idir*pas
      CALL taylor_f77_eq_os_(t,yi,idir,istep,pabs,prel,
      & tmax,ht,iordre,ifl)
c computation of first integral to be done
C
      CALL SECCIO(YI,GG,DGG)
      IF (GG*GA.LT.0.D0)go to 22

```

```

        write(10,*)t,(yi(ii),ii=1,2)
        GA=GG
        GO TO 1
C
C   REFINEMENT OF THE INTERSECTION POINT YF(*) USING NEWTON'S METHOD
C   TO GET A ZERO OF THE FUNCTION GG (SEE SUBROUTINE SECCIO)
C
      22 continue
      icont=icont+1
      if (icont.gt.20) then
      write(*,*) 'problems finding the section '
      stop
      endif
      CALL FIELD(T,YI,N,F)
      P=0.D0
      DO 3 I=1,N
3      P=P+F(I)*DGG(I)
      H=-GG/P
      check_p_is_not_(or_very_close_to)_0:_to_be_done
      if (h.ge.0.d0) idir=1
      if (h.lt.0.d0) idir=-1
      tmax=t+h
      write(*,*) icont, ' refining: h and time ',h,tmax
      write(*,*) 'refining t point ',t,yi(1),yi(2)
      CALL taylor_f77_eq_os_(t,yi,idir,istep,pabs,prel,
      &tmax,ht,iordre,ifl)
      CALL SECCIO(YI,GG,DGG)
      IF (DABS(GG).GT.1.D-13)GO_TO_22
      DO 4 I=1,N
4      YF(I)=YI(I)
      tfinal=t
      check_first_integral:_to_be_done
      write(*,*) 'tfinal point time ',tfinal
      write(*,*)(yf(ii),ii=1,n)
      write(10,*)t,(yf(ii),ii=1,2)
      return
      end
C*****
C.....*
```

```

C_____THE_SURFACE_g_OF_SECTION, IN THIS CASE
C_____INPUT_PARAMETERS:
C_____Y(*) _____POINT
C_____OUTPUT_PARAMETERS:
C_____GG_____FUNCTION_THAT_EQUATED_TO_0_GIVES_THE_SURFACE_OF
C_____SECTION
C_____DGG(*) _____GRADIENT_OF_FUNCTION_GG
C_____
C*****
_____SUBROUTINE_SECCIO(Y,GG,DGG)
_____IMPLICIT_REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
_____DIMENSION_Y(2),DGG(2)
_____GG=Y(2)
_____DO_1_I=1,2
_1_____DGG(I)=0.D0
_____DGG(2)=1.d0
_____RETURN
_____END

C
C_FIELD.F
C
C*****
C
C_____EQS_OF_MOTION_IN_synodical_VARIABLES
C_____X_____TIME
C_____Y(*) _____POINT_(Y(1),Y(2),...Y(n))
C_____NEQ_____NUMBER_OF_EQUATIONS
C_____OUTPUT_PARAMETERS:
C_____F(*) _____VECTOR_FIELD
C
C*****
_____subroutine_field(t,x,neq,f)
_____implicit_real*8_(a-h,o-z)
_____dimension_x(neq),f(neq)
c
_____f(1)=x(2)
_____f(2)=-x(1)
_____return
_____end

```

Abbildung 1: $x_1=1, x_2=0, t=1$.

```
conny.schweigert@fme-desktop:~$ ./main_os_sec2
Initial condition x(1),...,x(n)
1,0
idir?
1
ncrossing?
2
tfinal point time    3.1415926535898913
-1.0000000000000000    9.805960839333275E-014
tfinal point time    3.1415926535897936
 1.0000000000000000    -9.8226141847027049E-014
```

Abbildung 2: $x_1=1, x_2=0, t=1$.

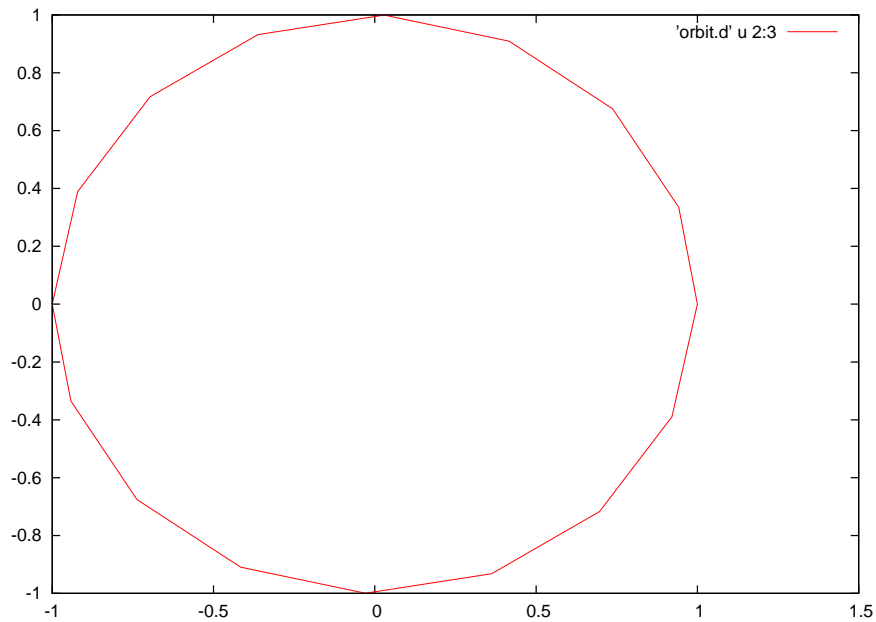


Abbildung 3: $x_1=1, x_2=0, t=-1$.

```
conny.schweigert@fme-desktop:~$ ./main_os_sec2
Initial condition x(1),...,x(n)
1,0
idir?
1
ncrossing?
2
tfinal point time    3.1415926535898913
-1.0000000000000000    9.8059608393333275E-014
tfinal point time    3.1415926535897936
1.0000000000000002    -9.8226141847027049E-014
```

Abbildung 4: $x_1=1, x_2=0, t=-1$.

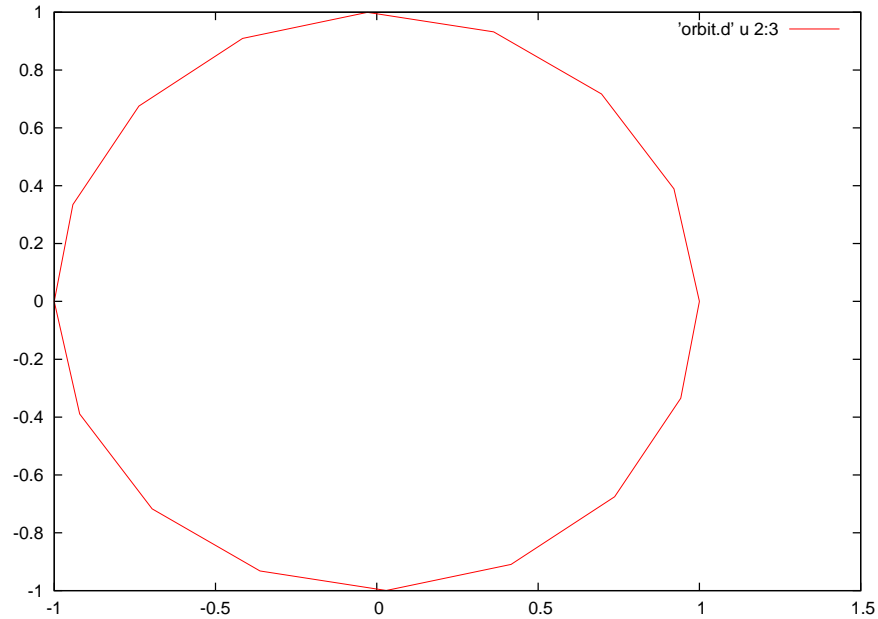


Abbildung 5: $x_1=0, x_2=1, t=1$.

```
conny.schweigert@fme-desktop:~$ ./main_os_sec2
Initial condition x(1),...,x(n)
1,0
idir?
1
ncrossing?
2
tfinal point time    3.1415926535898913
-1.0000000000000000    9.8059608393333275E-014
tfinal point time    3.1415926535897936
1.0000000000000002    -9.8226141847027049E-014
```


Abbildung 6: $x_1=0, x_2=1, t=1$.

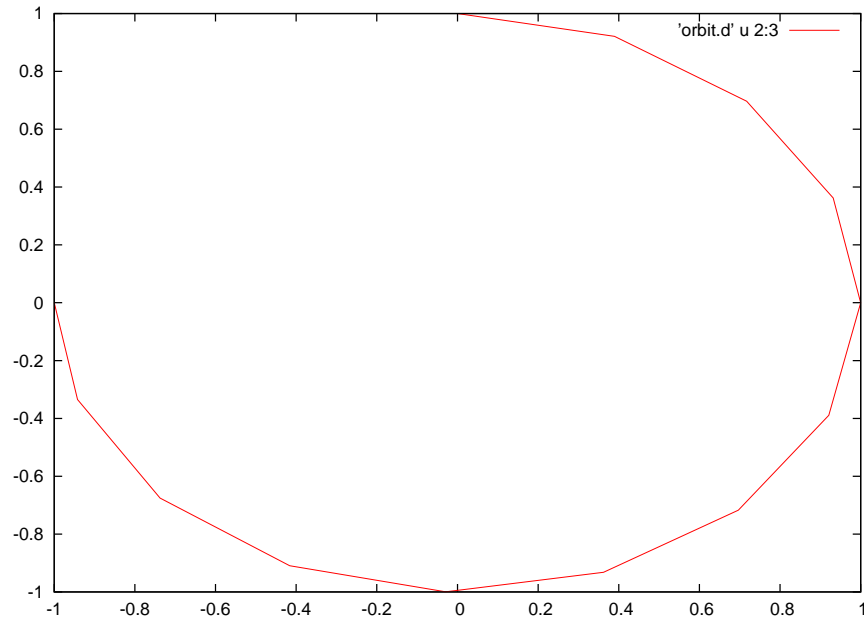


Abbildung 7: $x_1=0, x_2=1, t=-1$.

```
conny.schweigert@fme-desktop:~$ ./main_os_sec2
Initial condition x(1),...,x(n)
1,0
idir?
1
ncrossing?
2
tfinal point time 3.1415926535898913
-1.0000000000000000 9.8059608393333275E-014
tfinal point time 3.1415926535897936
1.0000000000000002 -9.8226141847027049E-014
```

Abbildung 8: $x_1=0, x_2=1, t=1$.

